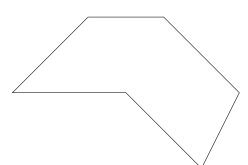
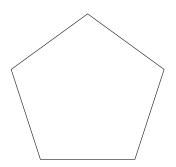
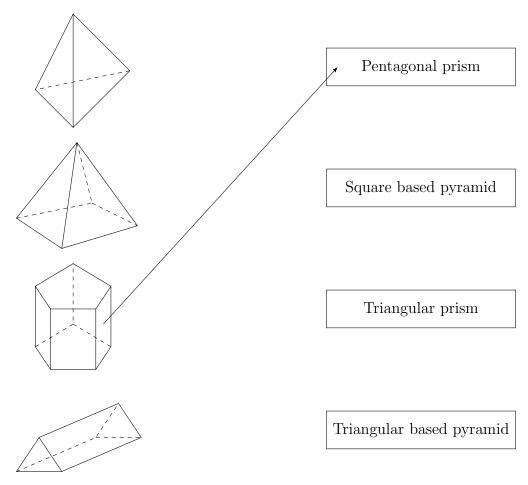
1. (a) Write down the mathematical names of these polygons. {pent/ hex/ oct/ dec/ -agon} (i)



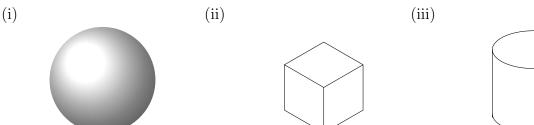


- (b) How many sides has a decagon?
- 2. (a) Here are 4 solid shapes. {plus cuboid, cone, hexagonal prism and pyramid} Match each solid shape to its mathematical name.

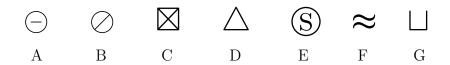
 One has been done for you.



(b) Write down the mathematical names of each of these 3-D shapes.



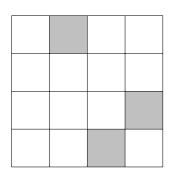
3. (a) Here are seven symbols.

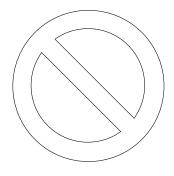


Two of these symbols have exactly 2 lines of symmetry.

Write down these **two** letters.

(b) On the shape {below left}, shade **one** square so that the shape has 2 lines of symmetry.



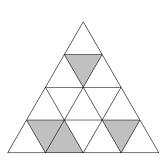


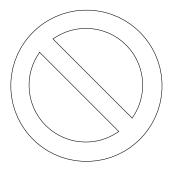
- (c) On the shape {above right}, draw all the lines of symmetry.
- 4. (a) Here are nine symbols.



 \mathbf{Two} of these symbols has rotational symmetry of order 2 and no line symmetry. Write down the letters of these \mathbf{two} symbols.

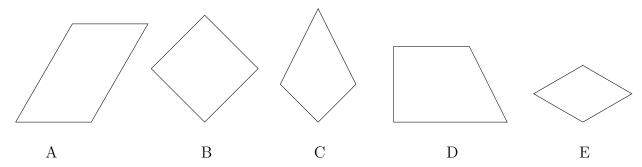
(b) On the shape below{left}, shade **one** square so that the shape has 2 lines of symmetry.





- (c) The shape {above right}, has rotational symmetry.
 Write down the order of rotational symmetry of this shape.
- (d) The shape {above right}, has rotational symmetry of order 2. Mark with a cross (\times) the centre of rotation.

5. (a) Here are five quadrilaterals. {also rectangle, square} {also equilateral, isosceles, right and scalene triangles}



- (i) Write down the mathematical name of quadrilateral ${f D}$
- (ii) Write down the letter of the rhombus.
- (b) A triangle {or quadrilateral} has three {or four or no} equal angles {or sides} Write down the mathematical name of this triangle.
- (c) On the grid below, draw an isosceles triangle. {or parallelogram or trapezium}

