1. Here is a rectangle on a centimetre grid.

Find the area of the shaded rectangle.

2. The shaded shape is drawn on a grid of centimetre squares.

Find the area of the shaded shape.

- 3. (a) The two ways to work out the area of a rectangle are shown below
- (i) Count the squares

	1	2	3	4	5		×	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4 cm	7	8	9	10	11		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
	13	14	15	16	17		3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
	19	20	21	22	23		4 -	-8	-12	-16-	-20-3	24	28	32	36	40
6 cm						5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	
(11) Use multiply Area = 4×6 or $6 \times 4 = \dots \text{ cm}^2$						6 -	-12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	
(b) V	(b) Work out the area of this rectangle					e 7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	
							8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
							9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
							10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

4. Work out the area of this rectangle.



×	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

You may use this multiplication table.

5. This triangle {/shape} is drawn on a grid of centimetre squares.







Find the area of the shaded triangle $\{/\text{shape}\}$ $\{A|ways countable squares and <math>1/2 \text{ squares}\}$

6. (a) Zayna cut out a rectangle from grey centimetre squared paper.

Write down the area of Zayna's rectangle.

(b) A maths teacher hid part of a rectangle with a white ellipse.



Write down the area of the rectangle.

7. Here is a rectangle.



Work out the area of the rectangle.

8.

8.

9. (a) Here is a parallelogram on a centimetre grid.



Work out the area of the shaded parallelogram.

(b) Here is a parallelogram.



Work out the area of the parallelogram.

10.

Diagram NOT

accurately drawn

10.

- 11. (a) Here is a triangle.
- (b) Here is a triangle on a centimetre grid.



Work out the area of the triangle. {OR Find the area of the shaded triangle.}