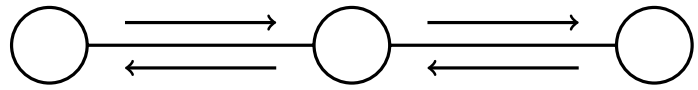


1. Complete the function diagram to solve

1st sign because it's inside the bracket

$$3(\clubsuit - 5) = 12$$

\downarrow
 1st sign
 \uparrow
 ×

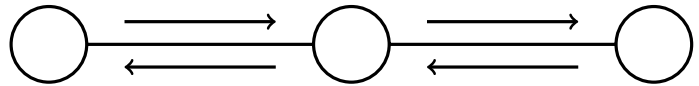


$\clubsuit = \dots\dots\dots$

2. Complete the function diagram to solve

1st sign because the $\frac{\text{long } \div \text{ sign}}{\square}$ acts (like a bracket)

$$\text{long } \div \text{ sign} \rightarrow \frac{\spadesuit - 4}{2} = 3$$



$\spadesuit = \dots\dots\dots$

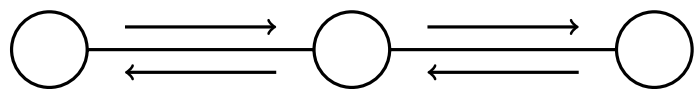
solvingReady (12) Q1: $\clubsuit = 9$, Q2: $\spadesuit = 10$, Q3: $\otimes = 2$, Q4: $\nabla = 8$

1. Complete the function diagram to solve

1st sign because it's inside the bracket

$$3(\clubsuit - 5) = 12$$

\downarrow
 1st sign
 \uparrow
 ×

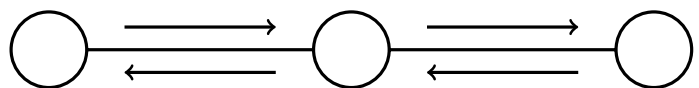


$\clubsuit = \dots\dots\dots$

2. Complete the function diagram to solve

1st sign because the $\frac{\text{long } \div \text{ sign}}{\square}$ acts (like a bracket)

$$\text{long } \div \text{ sign} \rightarrow \frac{\spadesuit - 4}{2} = 3$$



$\spadesuit = \dots\dots\dots$

3. Complete the function diagram to solve

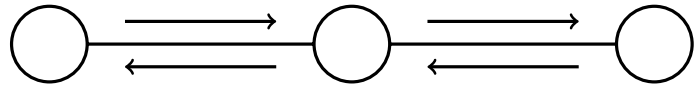
1st sign because it's inside the bracket

$$5(\ast + 4) = 30$$

↓

↑

×

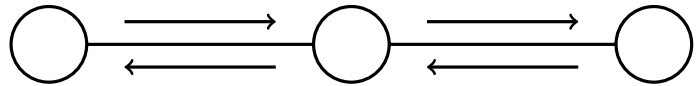


$\ast = \dots\dots\dots$

4. Complete the function diagram to solve

1st sign because the $\frac{\text{long } \div \text{ sign}}{\square}$ acts $\frac{(\text{like a bracket})}{\square}$

$$\text{long } \div \text{ sign} \rightarrow \frac{\nabla + 12}{4} = 5$$



$\nabla = \dots\dots\dots$

3. Complete the function diagram to solve

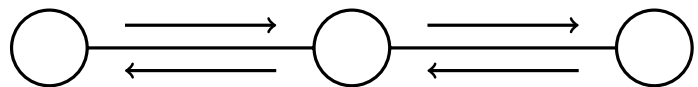
1st sign because it's inside the bracket

$$5(\ast + 4) = 30$$

↓

↑

×

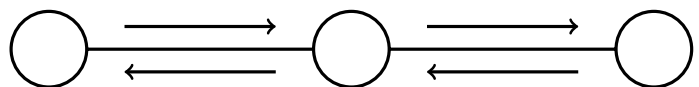


$\ast = \dots\dots\dots$

4. Complete the function diagram to solve

1st sign because the $\frac{\text{long } \div \text{ sign}}{\square}$ acts $\frac{(\text{like a bracket})}{\square}$

$$\text{long } \div \text{ sign} \rightarrow \frac{\nabla + 12}{4} = 5$$



$\nabla = \dots\dots\dots$