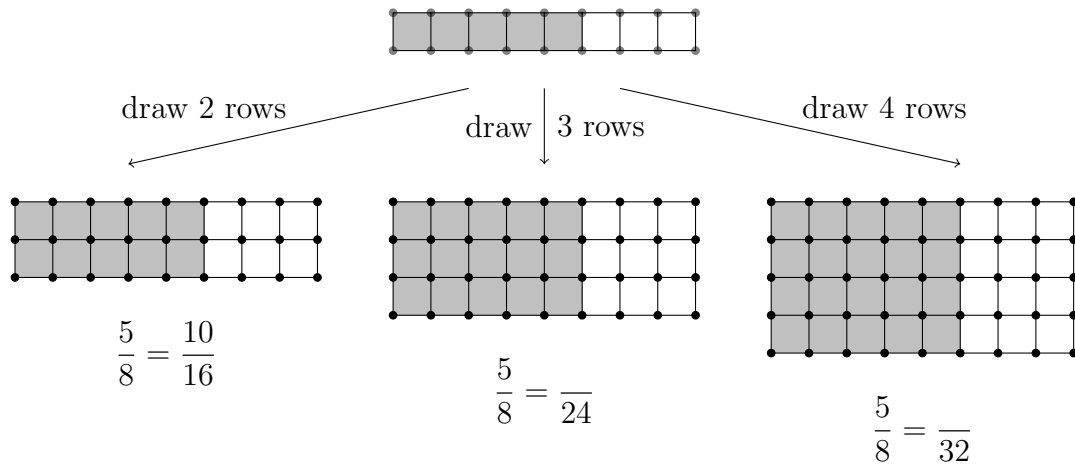


1. You can find other fractions equivalent to $\frac{5}{8}$ by ...

(a) drawing



(b) multiplying

$$\frac{5}{8} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\times 2} \\ \xrightarrow{\times 2} \end{array} = \frac{10}{16}$$

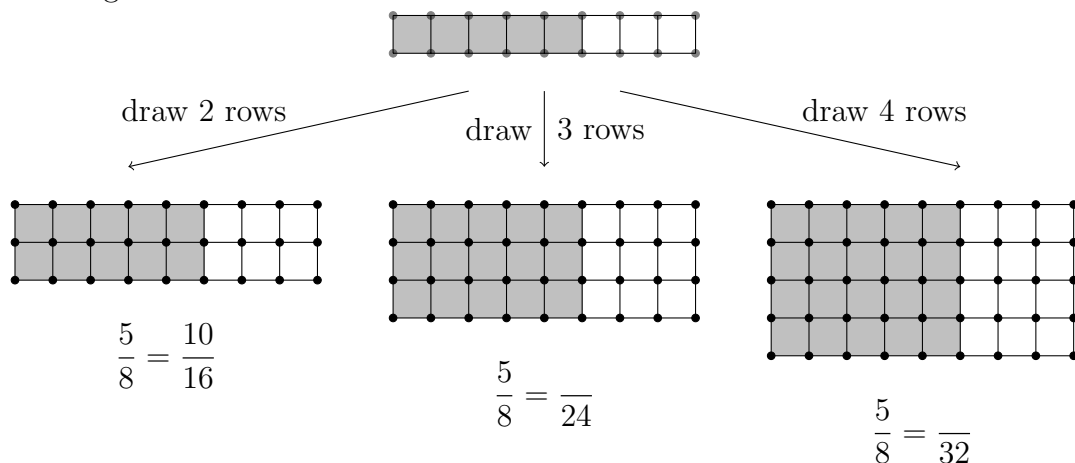
$$\frac{5}{8} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\times 3} \\ \xrightarrow{\times 3} \end{array} = \frac{15}{24}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\times 4} \\ \xrightarrow{\times 4} \end{array} = \frac{20}{32}$$

fractionIntro (9) Q1 (a) and (b) $\frac{5}{8} = \frac{15}{24}$ and $= \frac{20}{32}$ Q2(a) $\frac{16}{18}$ (b) $\frac{12}{16}$ (c) $\frac{14}{16}$ (d) $\frac{3}{6}$ (e) $\frac{10}{14}$

1. You can find other fractions equivalent to $\frac{5}{8}$ by ...

(a) drawing



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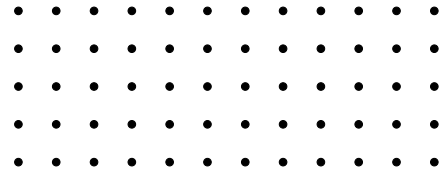
$$\frac{5}{8} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\times 2} \\ \xrightarrow{\times 2} \end{array} = \frac{10}{16}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\times 3} \\ \xrightarrow{\times 3} \end{array} = \frac{15}{24}$$

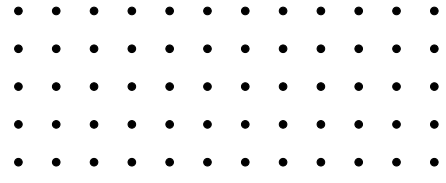
$$\frac{5}{8} \begin{array}{c} \xrightarrow{\times 4} \\ \xrightarrow{\times 4} \end{array} = \frac{20}{32}$$

2. You may use this dotted paper to draw fractions if it helps you.

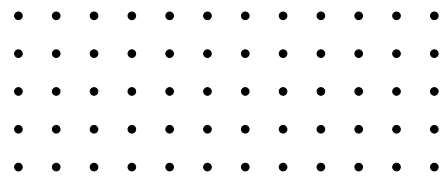
(a) Complete $\frac{8}{9} = \frac{\quad}{18}$



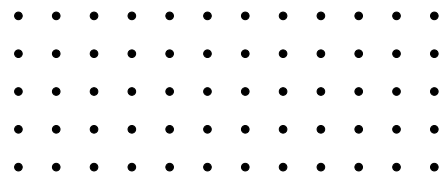
(b) Complete $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{\quad}{16}$



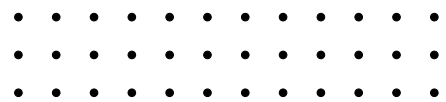
(c) Complete $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{\quad}{16}$



(d) Complete $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\quad}{6}$

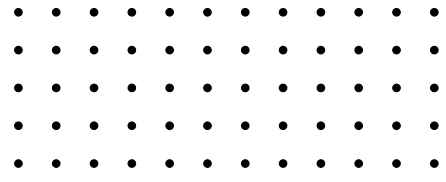


(e) Complete $\frac{5}{7} = \frac{\quad}{14}$

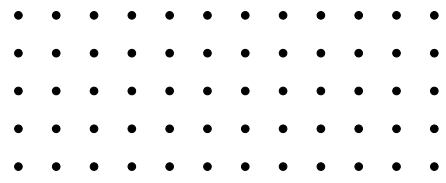


2. You may use this dotted paper to draw fractions if it helps you.

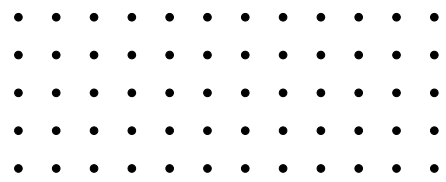
(a) Complete $\frac{8}{9} = \frac{\quad}{18}$



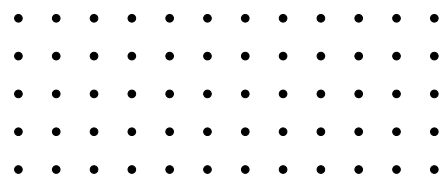
(b) Complete $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{\quad}{16}$



(c) Complete $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{\quad}{16}$



(d) Complete $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\quad}{6}$



(e) Complete $\frac{5}{7} = \frac{\quad}{14}$

